I Read the text below and write the word which best fits each space. Use only one word in each space.

The Lucky Accidents

Sometimes, scientists know what they are looking for and they (1) .................. it. At other times, things are discovered (2) ........................... accident. Two famous examples of this are gravity and penicillin.

Isaac Newton, (3)........................first used mathematics to describe gravity, was sitting in his garden (4) .............................................. he saw an apple fall – some say it (5) ....................... on his head. This made him think about why, and he realized he (6) .................... explain it using maths.

Alexander Fleming discovered penicillin, (7) .............................. was the first antibiotic. It completely changed medicine. He (8) .............................. working in his laboratory when he saw something (9).............................. started growing on one of his experiments. He analysed it and realised that it could be very useful (10) .............................. fighting disease. Sometimes luck can be a big help!

II Circle the correct answer A, B, C or D.

11 I don’t know much about computers, so I asked the assistant for ................ advice.
A a lot  B a few  C many  D a little

12 That’s the girl ............ father says he’s invented a time machine.
A who’s  B that  C whose  D who

13 I know London quite well because I .................. live there.
A got used to  B was used to  C used to  D use to

14 Do you know if  .................. at seven o’clock?
A the show starts  B will the show start  C does the show start  D did the show start

15 The prize is  .................. unique opportunity to travel the world.
A a  B an  C the  D -

16 Ellen  ..................to have seen a doctor weeks ago. Why didn’t she?
A must  B ought  C should  D can’t

17 Let’s see what’s on at the cinema, ..................?
A let us  B do we  C let we  D shall we
18 The office is ………..a long way that I have to catch two buses.
A enough B so C such D too

19 My brother refused ……..me use his digital camera.
A letting B to let C that he let D for letting

20 He told us to stop ………. A talking B to talk C having talked D talk

III Use the word given in capitals at the end of each line to form a word that fits in the gap in the same line.

My granddad had a long career. He started work as an (21) ........................................ ASSIST and worked his way to the top. He was very (22).................................................. and he SUCCESS (23) ........................................... the company from disaster many times. SAFE

When he was in charge he was never (24) .............................. He understood people BOSS and all the (25) ...........................................admired him. He was an engineer, which is EMPLOY quite a difficult (26).............................., and for 40 years he worked on many projects. OCCUPY

Finally, he reached 65, which was the (27) .............................................. age of OFFICE (28) .............................................. in his company. He was very well known to RETIRE other engineers - you might even say he was (29) .............................................. FAME

He was always very busy when he was working, but now that he’s RETIRE (30) ........................................he’s got a lot more time to spend with his grandchildren.

 ........../ 5pts

Total Points ........../15pts
V O C A B U L A R Y

Replace the underlined words in each dialogue with a suitable idiomatic expression from the box. There are two extra phrases you do not need to use. Write your answers in the space provided. There’s an example at the beginning: 00 A.

A—MAKE IT  E  KEEP ON MIND  I  A SHORT CUT
B  WATCH OUT  F  WHAT’S UP  J  MAKE UP YOUR MIND
C  GET A MOVE ON  G  KEEP AN EYE ON  K  HANG ON
D  GO AHEAD  H  NEVER MIND

1  A: Sorry I can’t come on Thursday.  5  A: What’s the matter?
   B: That’s OK. Don’t worry.  B: Nothing. Why?
2  A: Does it take long to get here?  6  A: Look after my things for a minute.
   B: No, I know a quick way.  B: Yeah, sure.
3  A: Could I borrow this for a minute?  7  A: Do we have to go now?
   B: Yes, take it.  B: Yes, hurry up, otherwise we’ll be late.
4  A: Is Rebecca here?  8  A: You’ll have to decide soon.
   B: Yes, wait a minute. I’ll get her.  B: Yes, I know, but it’s very difficult.

00 A  01 ......  02 ......  03 ......  04 ......  05 ......  06 ......  07 ......  08 ......

................/4 pts

Complete the notices and warnings with the right word (A – L)

09 Please queue on the other .........  A vacancies
10 Out of ..................  B stand
11 Do not lean out of the .............  C unattended
12 Keep off the ..................  D disturb
13 Do not leave bags ..................  E steps
14 ................................ of pickpockets.  F window
15 Please .................. clear of the doors.  G clear
16 Mind the .............  H order
17 Please do not .........  I side
18 Keep .............  J Keep
19 No .............  K grass
20 ............. right.  L Beware

................/ 6  pts

Total Points................/10pts
V O C A B U L A R Y :  P R O G R E S S I V E  T E S T

Make a list of verbs that mean or signify to laugh:

SMILE, ...............
Individual Style
Do you like to wear the same clothes as your friends or do you like to dress differently? Adapting clothes and creating an individual style is very popular in the UK.

Have you noticed that many of the clothes on the high street look the same these days? So how do young people manage to express their individual style? We interviewed some young Brits in different parts of the UK.

Use your imagination
What can you do if shops don’t sell the clothes you want? How can you get the clothes you want if you don’t have much cash?

“Young creative people in the UK have always come up with ways to express their individuality through their clothes. Punks cut up their clothes and added zips and safety pins, Goths love wearing anything black and skaters buy chains from hardware shops to hang from their trousers. You don’t need money - you need imagination.”

Alexi, an art student from Aldershot.

Customised T-shirts
Printing your own T-shirt is the easiest and most common way to customise clothes. You don’t have to actually make a T-shirt. You can buy a cheap T-shirt and add an image of your choice.

“I used to make customised multicoloured T-shirts for my friends using fabric paints. They looked a bit messy but sort of cool. Slogan T-shirts can be a cheap way to be individual. A couple of years ago, my mate Simon made a T-shirt with a picture of Obama dressed as Che Guevara. He still wears it in fact. It looks great!”

John, 25 from Cheshire.

Make your own clothes
Everyone knows that students don’t have a lot of money. That doesn’t have to be a problem if you’ve got a bit of imagination (and a sewing machine!).

“I used to make clothes sometimes when I was a student. Once I found a pair of trousers that I really liked but I didn’t use to have much money in those days so I couldn't afford them. I did a little sketch in a notebook, bought some fabric in the same colour and copied the trousers using my mum’s sewing machine. I went back to the shop wearing my homemade trousers to see if they were the same as the ones in the shop. In fact they were much better! I loved it when people didn't believe I had made them myself.”

Corrine, 31, from Dundee

Second-hand style
Buying second-hand or ‘vintage’ clothes is a fashion option for many young Brits. Aylish and Helen recently made their own clothes to get individual styles.

“I bought a second-hand T-shirt and skirt, then dyed them black. Then I painted on a design in the shape of a red spider’s web. Cool and very Goth. I also cut up an old pair of leggings to make some long fingerless gloves.”

Aylish, 15, from Suffolk

CONTINUED OVERLEAF
“I like to make or adapt my own clothes because I know that they will fit and that they’ll look good. I really love using vintage clothes and changing them. I can make skirts shorter or longer, for example. Sometimes I just change the buttons to give clothes a new look. I buy stuff like jackets, trousers and dresses in second-hand shops. By adapting these clothes you can be sure you will always have something original as well as cheap.”

Helen, 26, from Nottingham

I Circle true (T), false (F) or not given (NG) for following pieces of advice based on the text above.

1 Buying clothes on the high street is the best way to show your own individual style. T F NG

2 If you want to have odd accessories you have to go to specialized clothes shops. T F NG

3 If you buy clothes adjust them to suit your own style. T F NG

4 Avoid buying clothes in markets. T F NG

5 Buying fabric and having your clothes sewed is the way to save money. T F NG

6 If you want quality clothes go to specialized boutiques. T F NG

7 When expressing your fashion sense use your imagination not your cash. T F NG

8 Be aware of the latest fashion trends when you create your own style. T F NG

............./4 pts

II Complete the gaps with the names from the text.

9 .................................. prefers Goth style.

10 .................................. adapts clothes by changing some details.

11 .................................. made a T- shirt with a picture of a politician in disguise.

12 .................................. ’s T- shirts looked a bit untidy.

13/14 ................................ and ............................... used to make clothes by themselves.

15 .................................. studies art.

16 .................................. made a copy of clothing, which was too expensive to buy.

17 .................................. changed footwear into handwear.

18 .................................. is fond of buying her clothes in second-hand shops.

19/20 ................................ and ............................... use odd accessories to decorate their clothes.

............./6 pts

Total Points: ............../10pts
LISTENING COMPREHENSION

Three films are mentioned in the text: "Niagara" (A), "Bowling for Columbine" (B) and "Owning Mahowny" (C). Listen to the text and write A, B, C, next to the right statements. If the statement is not true for NONE of the films write N.

Which of the films

1 has more or less to do with politics ............
2 starts at the end of the story ............
3 shows the place popular with lovers ............
4 presents Canada in details ............
5 tries to find out the reasons for nation’s violence ............
6 shows the hero who deprives his employer of money ............
7 shows the hero as an intentional murderer ............
8 presents a gambling couple in love ............
9 compares two countries ............
10 is based on the real story ............

............./5 pts

Total Points: ............./5pts

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