# Olympiáda v anglickom jazyku, 28. ročník, okresné kolo 2017/2018, kategória 2A – úlohy

# $G\ R\ A\ M\ M\ A\ R$

Complete the dialogue by filling in the correct form of the verb in brackets.

Kate:	Hello, Mrs. Higgins.		
Mrs Higgins	My goodness. It's Kate, isn't it? I 1 (not see) you for a long time.		
	How are you?		
Kate:	Fine, thank you.		
00	And your parents?		
Kate:	They're very well. Dad <sup>2</sup> ( <b>be</b> ) in Russia at the moment.		
Mrs Higgins:	Really? What <sup>3</sup> ( <b>he, do</b> ) there?		
Kate:	He <sup>4</sup> (learn) Russian but he <sup>5</sup> (be) back next		
	week.		
Mrs Higgins:	Well, I $^6$ (know) him since our childhood and he $^7$		
	(always, be) very energetic. And what about your brother?		
Kate:	He $^8$ (work) for a computer company. He $^9$ (be)		
	there for about four years. When I $^{10}$ (meet) him last week, he		
	11 ( <b>program</b> ) something new.		
Mrs Higgins:	And what about you?		
Kate:	Well, I'm unemployed at the moment so I $^{12}$ (look) for a job.		
	I $^{13}$ (have) lots of job interviews so far, but there's nothing yet.		
	I even <sup>14</sup> (talk) to my old headmaster a few days ago.		
Mrs. Higgins:	Well, I 15 (think) you'll find something soon. Well, I must go. Give		
	my regards to your mother.		
Kate:	Yes, I will. Bye.		
Mrs. Higgins:	Bye, Kate.		
	Total: / 15 pts		

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# VOCABULARY

A. Complete the sentences with the corr	ect form of the word written in brackets.
1. The only f	for getting the job is being 18. ( <b>REQUIRE</b> )
2. My father's car has	back seats. (REMOVE)
3. You wouldn't like the movie. It's too _	for you. (CHILD)
4. There is no	_ explanation for what we have just seen. (SCIENCE)
5. I prefer fresh food to	food. (FREEZE)
B. Complete the sentences to get English the bush   dog   shared   h	appiness a house need broom husband
6. A new sweeps clean.	
7. A friend in is a friend	d indeed.
8. A bird in the hand is worth two in	
9 divided against itself	f cannot stand.
10. A trouble is a troub	le halved.
	Total: / 10 pts

### READING COMPREHENSION

#### **Delicious Desserts from Three Continents**

Desserts are everyone's favourite part of the meal. In most cultures, these delicious sweet dishes come at the very end of the main course and can be served in all shapes and tastes – cakes, cookies, pies and even sweet soups!

Despite millions of dessert recipes available in recipe books, there are some which have absolutely conquered the world with their unique tastes, causing pure happiness and bliss when eaten. But how did these desserts come about in the first place?

## Cheesecake, the U.S.

Modern cheesecake spread across the world as an American product. It was developed in 1872 by accident when William Lawrence was trying to recreate soft French cheese. Instead of cheese, he came up with a heavier, creamy base that is now part and parcel of the cheesecake. Yet, it is speculated that ancient Greeks also made a form of cheesecake. Some say that the athletes competing in the first Olympic Games in 776 B.C. ate cheesecake for energy. Nowadays, the bottom layer, or the crust, normally consists of crushed cookies and is covered with the thickest cheesy layer and topped with fruit.

## Crème Brûlée, France

Also known as "burnt cream" or "cream catalana", this dessert is unique for its rich custard base topped with a layer of hard caramel. This is one of the oldest known desserts in Europe, having appeared in Catalan cookbooks in the 14<sup>th</sup> century. Crème brûlée is always served in individual ceramic bowls. Nowadays, it is popular to form the caramel directly on top of the custard. To complete this task, a butane torch is used to burn the sugar, causing a small flame, which makes the serving of the dessert very festive.

#### Baklava, Turkey and the Caucasus

The combination of filo pastry and chopped nuts held together with syrup or honey is known all over the world as baklava. The 15<sup>th</sup> century origin of the current form of baklava is well-known – it was the Turkish sultan residing in Istanbul who sent baklava trays to his young soldiers during the month of Ramadan. Nowadays, baklava can be bought on the streets of every major city in the region. It is sold per small piece, but buying more than one serving is simply irresistible.

Total: \_\_\_\_\_ / 10 pts

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#### Gulab Jamun, India

Everyone in Southeast Asia has heard of gulab jamun, a traditional Indian dessert prepared since medieval times. The word gulab comes from the Persian word for "flower and water", while jamun is an Indian fruit which has a similar size and shape as this dessert. Gulab jamun is created when milk solids are kneaded into dough, shaped into small balls, deep-fried and soaked in sugary syrup flavoured with rose water. Being easy to make, yet delicious, this dessert is eaten at all major celebrations such as marriages and birthdays. Both Hindu and Muslim communities in India share a love for this dessert, so they traditionally make it for their religious holidays.

b) false

a) true

A. According	to the article, choose the	correct answer.	
1. What does "	part and parcel" mean?	2. What does "custard" mean?	
a) essential cor	nponent	a) savoury food similar to mustard	
b) exact layers	of a cake	b) caramelized sugar	
c) very expensi	ive ingredient	c) sweet food made of eggs and milk	
3. What does "	to knead" mean?	4. Why are torches used to serve crème brûlée?	
a) to chop into	small pieces	a) only for birthday parties	
b) to press or n	nassage with hands	b) to burn sugar directly on top of the custard	
c) to bake until	crispy	c) to ensure the dessert is always served warm	
5. What does "	irresistible" mean?	6. When is gulab jamun commonly eaten?	
a) disgusting		a) on New Year's Eve	
b) served only	for special occasions	b) for breakfast	
c) tempting to j	possess	c) at special family occasions	
B. According	to the article, are these s	statements true, false or not stated?	
7. The person v	who invented cheesecake	in the U.S. was actually trying to make cream, not a cake.	
a) true	b) false	c) not stated	
8. It usually tak	xes only 30 minutes to pro	epare gulab jamun.	
a) true	b) false	c) not stated	
9. Crème brûlé	e is always served in sma	ll and separate pots.	
a) true	b) false	c) not stated	
10. The moder	n variation of baklava bed	came popular thanks to the Turkish sultan	

c) not stated

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# LISTENING COMPREHENSION

You will hear information about the Moon. Listen carefully and complete the sentences. Only one word is missing in each sentence. You will hear the text twice.

		Total:	/ 5 pts		
	•				
	portion of the Moon's surface.				
5.	occurs when sunlight reflects off the Earth's surface a	nd illuminates th	e unlit		
4.	. When the first half of the Moon's surface is facing the sun, the other l	nalf is in	·		
3.	. During the Moon's journey, it's lit from varying by th	e sun.			
	would act as a				
2.	Temperatures on the Moon are extreme and sudden because there is no atmosphere which				
1.	. The Moon can be seen due to the of any concealing ve	il of air or cloud	l on it.		

## ANSWER KEY

# **GRAMMAR – 15 pts**

1-in 2-were 3-the 4-with 5-and 6-to

7 - when 8 - her 9 - a 10 - as 11 - was 12 - which

13 - from/in 14 - a 15 - up

## **VOCABULARY – 10 pts**

1 – successful 2 – importance 3 – commitment 4 – excitement

5 – enjoyment 6 – popularity 7 – ability 8 – happiness

9 – achievements 10 – similarities

## **READING COMPREHENSION – 10 pts**

1 – advantages

2 – facilities

3 – transport

4 – qualifications

5 - skills

6 – equipment

7 - clothing

8 – vehicles

9 - goods

10 – appliances

# **LISTENING COMPREHENSION – 5 pts**

1 - F

2-C

3 - D

4 - B

5 - E

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